## EPISODE 26: "A TALE OF TWO MOUNTAINS" HEBREWS 12:18-24

## CONTEXT

i.

In this episode, the kingdom that God establishes is compared to a great mountain that is better than that of the mountain in Exodus. God originally showed himself to Moses to establish the old covenant on Mount Sinai. Mount Zion represents a new and better covenant of Christ.

## Mount Sinai vs. Mount Zion (v. 18-21)

Wł	nat is the difference between the two m	ountains covered in this text?	
a)	Mount Sinai was	_ (Heb. 12:18; Ex. 19:12-19)	
b)	Mount Zion is the	(the heavenly Jerusalem) (Heb. 12:22;	
	Phil. 3:18-21)		
c)	Mount Sinai was surrounded by a	(Heb. 12:18; Exodus	
	19:18; Deut. 4:11)		
d)	Mount Zion is surrounded by a	and	
	(Hebrews 12:22; Rev. 14:1-5)		
e)	Mount Sinai was filled with	(Heb. 12:18b; Exodus 19:18;	
	Deut. 5:22-26)		
f)	Mount Zion is filled with the	whose names are written (i.e	
	registered) in heaven (Hebrews 12:23a; Exodus 4:22-23; Luke 10:17-20)		
g)	Mount Sinai is connected to	(Hebrews 12:18; Exodus	
	19:18)		
h)	Mount Zion is connect with	, the Judge and father	
	(Hebrews 12:23; Psalm 94:1-3)		
i)	Mout Sinai is characterized by a	(Hebrews 12:18b; Exodus	
	20:18-19)		
j)	Mount Zion is characterized by the	(Hebrews	
	12:23b; see Father of spirits in 12:9 and faith hall in Hebrews 11)		
k)	Mount Sinai was accompanied by a	and people stood afar	
	off. (Hebrews 12:19; Exodus 20:18)		

	and	(Hebrews 12:24; 1 Tim 2:5-6)
m)	Mount Sinai had words that	God's people (Hebrews 12:19;
	Exodus 20:18-19)	
n)	Mount Zion has as Word who	God's people (Hebrews
	12:24; 1 Peter 1:1-20	
o)	The blood of Abel speaks, but the	says better things.
	(Hebrews 12:24b; Hebrews 11:4)	